SHORE LINE CHANGE ATLAS OF THE INDIAN COAST

(Volume-III)

Karnataka and Kerala



SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO Ahmedabad

August-2021

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Abstract	This Atlas comprises of shoreline change maps prepared using satellite data of 2004-06 and 2014-16 time-frames on 1:25,000 scale for the entire country (Volume – III shows maps of Karnataka and Kerala). The maps show eroding, stable and accreting coast. Data used, methodology, results, area under erosion and accretion and status of coastal protection measures are briefly described. Around 40 km of the Karnataka coast is under erosion and 48 km is under accretion, while 231 km of the coast is stable in nature. Total area that have eroded in Karnataka is about 72 ha and around 111 ha of area have accreted. In Kerala, around 137 km of the coast is estimated to be under erosion and 121 km is observed to have accreted, while 327 km of the coast is observed to be in stable condition. The total area accreted along the Kerala coast is 303 ha whereas 285 ha area is estimated to have eroded.				
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MESSAGE

The Coastal Zone represents a complex environmental entity, which is in constant interaction with the marine and terrestrial processes. The coastal zone has been receiving increased attention due to the immense anthropogenic pressure and inevitable development activities related to trade and transport. The coast is bestowed with rich bio-diversity and fragile ecosystems like mangroves and coral reefs that are highly sensitive to any climatic and environmental changes.

The coastal region, due to the influence of natural and anthropogenic forces and the sporadic events like cyclones undergo severe erosions leading to loss of human livelihood and crucial biodiversity besides critically damaging the coastal constructions and aesthetic quality that attracts huge economic benefits. Quantifying coastal change is essential for calculating trends in erosion, evaluating processes that shape coastal landscapes and predicting the response of coast to future storms and sea-level rise. The dynamic natures of the coast prompt for frequent monitoring and comprehending the coastal erosion activities. Space technology has been effectively deployed in identification and measurement of such activities.

Space Applications Centre (SAC) in collaboration with a large number of scientific organization & universities of the country has carried out various scientific investigation/inventory of the entire coastal zone of India using satellite data like impact of sea level rise on the Indian coastal environment, development of Coastal Zone Information System (CZIS), mapping and monitoring of coral reefs and mangroves, inventory of the coastal land use etc. One such significant work was preparation of Shoreline Change Atlas of India for the time frame 1989-91 and 2004-06.

The present Shoreline Change Atlas is an outcome of the shoreline change mapped for the entire Indian coast between the time frames of 2004-06 and 2014-16 carried out by Space Applications Centre, ISRO, Ahmedabad based on recommendation of Coastal Protection and Development Advisory Committee (CPDAC) at the request of Central Water Commission, Department of Water Resources, River Development & Ganga Rejuvenation, Ministry of Jal Shakti, Government of India.

I congratulate the team of scientists for carrying out such an important study for the entire Indian coast. This study assumes greater significance in the context of planning shoreline protection measures to be constructed by various maritime States and UTs. I am sure this atlas will be highly useful not only to the coastal zone managers and to the authorities involved but also to the scientific community working in the coastal environment and climate change studies.

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FOREWORD

Coastal zone is one of the most fragile ecosystems having rich biodiversity and is characterised by constant interactions between various natural processes and human activities. Human interventions along the global coastal zones are profoundly increasing and may lead to disastrous consequences, if developmental activities are carried out with improper understanding of the coastal processes. In addition, the coastal ecosystems are also vulnerable to natural phenomena such as waves, tides, storm surges, erosion etc.

India has more than 7500 km. long coastline with diverse coastal ecosystem and hence, Coastal Zone in India, assumes its importance, more so because of high population pressure, development of various industries, spurt in recreational activities, exploitation of renewable and non-renewable natural resources, discharge of waste effluents and municipal sewage etc. The Indian shoreline is also dotted with vital coastal habitats like mangrove and coral reefs, ecological sensitive and biologically diverse regions and archaeologically and culturally important places. The natural and anthropogenic activities change the equilibrium of sediment transport along the coast and induce coastal erosion, thereby threating the valuable resources. In view of its dynamic nature, frequent monitoring of the coast is also required and that can be achieved only through satellite based methods.

In India, the use of satellite data for coastal zone studies have been initiated by Space Applications Centre (SAC), ISRO, Ahmedabad in collaboration with various scientific organisations and universities across the country. For the past 30 years, SAC has been engaged in conducting various national level programmes aimed at detailed scientific investigations and preparing inventory of the entire coastal zone of India. I am happy to know that geo-sciences team at SAC/ISRO has completed Indian coastal shoreline change analysis (for 2004-06 and 2014-16 time frames) using Resourcesat-1&2 LISS-IV data and publishing these maps in the form of an atlas in six (6) volumes.

I am sure, this 6-volume atlas will be useful to the scientific community and decision makers in investigating the coastal challenges as well as for taking appropriate actions to protect the Indian coast, which will go a long way in conserving the coastal environment of the country. I would like to place on record my deep appreciation for all those scientists and support staff, who have made contributions for the successful execution of this project.

Place: Ahmedabad Date: 16 August 2021

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PREFACE

Coastal regions of the world undergo a continuous process of erosion & accretion due to natural reasons and anthropogenic as well. The climatic change and consequently the rise in sea level is likely to be one of the major factors causing coastal erosion and accretion in the near future. The risks and hazards arising due to coastal erosion have raised a serious concern for the Indian coastal regions too, as a large population survives on the economy of its resources. Coastal erosion and accretion are reflected as the shift in the shoreline. Hence, a systematic and repetitive inventory and monitoring of shoreline change are the pre-requisite for a proper coastal management and forms the baseline data to carry out coastal protection measures by the maritime States and Union Territories besides its use by the scientific community.

Space Applications Centre (ISRO) had brought out Atlas of maps showing shoreline changes for the entire Indian coast between time frame 1989–1991 and 2004–2006 at 1:25,000 scale. The project was funded by Coastal Management Directorate, Central Water Commission, Ministry of Water Resources, New Delhi. Coastal Protection and Development Advisory Committee (apex body concerned with planning of coastal protection measures at the national level in India) requested Space Applications Centre to update the existing shoreline change maps using recent satellite data (2014-16 time frame) for assessing status of coastal erosion. The mapping has been completed at 1:25,000 scale using IRS LISS IV data and changes in shoreline have been brought out between 2004-06 and 2014-16 time frame.

The atlas also shows location and type of coastal protection measures taken up by maritime states and UTs based on the data provided. The atlas has been brought out in six volumes covering the entire Indian coastline. Six volumes contain 618 maps prepared covering 7549 km of the Indian coastline. The maps suggest that about 1144 km is under erosion, 1084 km

is under accretion and 5321 km of the coastline has been observed showing no change.

I congratulate the entire team specially Mr. Ratheesh Ramakrishnan, Scientist SF and Mrs. Preeti Rajput, Scientist SD of Space Applications Centre, ISRO Ahmedabad.



भारतीय अंतरिक्ष अनुसंधान संगठन





SUMMARY

Shoreline is a dynamic geomorphological entity that coincides with the physical interface of land and ocean. The shoreline responds to the coastal processes exerted by waves, tides, nearshore currents and the resultant sediment transport and the pressure exerted by anthropogenic influences. The equilibrium in the sediment supply gets disturbed due to either natural phenomena or human intervention causing shoreline changes. The shoreline changes are attributed as erosion (accretion), where the shoreline shift landwards (seawards). The change in shoreline positions are of essential importance to the coastal scientists, engineers and managements, where the shoreline change information is required in the design of any sustainable management plans.

Coastal erosion ails threat to the life and livelihood along the shoreline, destroying settlements and infrastructures like road and pose major hazard to the ecologically sensitive habitats like mangroves and turtle nesting grounds. Coastal erosion, as in other maritime countries, is a serious problem along the Indian coast. India forms a peninsula and has a long coast on its east and west regions with varied coastal processes dominating the coastal dynamics. The Indian coast is relentlessly modified by the mounting development activities along the coastal region, which under improper management at times leads to severe coastal erosion.

Inventory related to coastal erosion are a pre-requisite in understanding the coastal dynamics of the region. Planning measures for sustainable development along the coastal region require a systematic inventory of shoreline changes. In this view, Space Applications Centre in collaboration with Central Water Commission, mapped the shoreline changes for the time frame 1989-91 and 2004-06 on 1:25, 000 scale for the entire Indian coast based on multidate remote sensing data in GIS environment. The database were then used to generate A3 size Shoreline Change Atlas of all the maritime states of India. Central Water Commission requested to update the existing shoreline change maps (1989-91 & 2004-06 time-frame) using the satellite data of 2014-16 timeframe. The major objective was to prepare digital shoreline change atlas on 1:25, 000 scale in GIS environment using the shoreline delineated for the time-frame 2004-06 and 2014-16, depict and quantify shoreline changes as eroding/accreting/stable, show status of shoreline protection measures taken by respective states.

Assessment of shoreline change using satellite images have gained its applicability owing to the synoptic observations covering a large spatial scale and its availability in temporal domain. LISS-4 images of 2014-16 (on board Resourcesat-2) and 2004-06 (on board IRS P6) time-frames

have been used to delineate the shoreline for entire Indian coast. The high tide line (HTL) is considered as the shoreline and on-screen digitization of the HTL has been carried out based on the geomorphic indicators.

The shoreline change status along 7549 km of the Indian coast is assessed that excludes river/creek mouths. About 1144 km of the Indian coast is under erosion, while 1084 km of the coast is accreting and the coastline is observed to be stable along 5321 km. The Indian coastal region have in total lost around 3680 ha of land due to erosion whereas around 4042 ha of area have been gained due to accretion. West Bengal coast is having around 35 percentage of its coast under erosion, which is the largest among the Indian coastal state and percentage of shoreline under accretion is the largest for Andhra Pradesh state (26%). Percentage of stable coast is largest along the Gujarat coast (87%) followed by the Lakshadweep Islands (82%), while more than 57 percentage of the West Bengal coast is under either erosion or accretion. A long coastal stretch to the northern Andhra Pradesh coast is eroding whereas a long coastal stretch along the Saurashtra coast of Gujarat is stable in nature.

The major natural processes involved in the coastal erosion are the wave induced erosion and littoral drift. Alongshore shift of inlets are observed due to growth of spits and erosion at the other side and is dominant at Chilika inlet, Odisha and Mulki-Pavanje Estuary, Karnataka. The processes of longshore sediment transport occurring naturally along the coasts are highly altered by the constructions of breakwaters and have triggered coastal erosion due to obstruction of the littoral drift. Sand mining and land reclamation are the other anthropogenic activities altering the sediment dynamics and triggering coastal erosion. Andaman and Nicobar Island is observed to have critical shoreline changes, where the coast is regaining the equilibrium after the subsidence, uplift and erosion due to tsunami associated with the 2004 mega earthquake. The inventory along with current status of coastal protection measures taken up by concerned state departments has been used to prepare a Shoreline Change Atlas of the Indian Coast.

The baseline data are aimed towards initiating appropriate action by concerned Maritime states and UTs besides use by the scientific community as well decision makers of the country. The Atlas shall function as a reference material to obtain information on the status of shoreline changes during 2004-06 and 2014-16 time-frames along entire Indian coastline. Areas under coastal erosion and status of coastal protection measures taken up by respective maritime State and Union Territory are depicted and can be used for planning coastal protection measures.

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1. INTRODUCTION

The coastal zone is in constant interaction between various natural processes and human activities that leads to a modification of its geomorphology. Coastal zone in India assumes its importance due the presence of fragile ecosystems and its interaction with anthropogenic activities. The coast is also subjected to exploitation of natural resources and is used as a medium for discharge of waste effluent and municipal sewages. The coastal regions are also overburdened with mounting developmental activities, increasing load on harbours, spurt in recreational activities and above all petroleum exploration activities.

Shoreline is a dynamic geomorphological entity, which responds to the external forces exerted by waves, tides, nearshore currents and the resultant sediment transport. When the resultant sediment transport entering a particular area is greater than the sediment going out from the area, accretion or beach development takes place. On the other hand, when there is a deficit of the incoming sediment supply into a particular area with reference to the sediment going out of the same area, beach erosion takes place. The equilibrium in the sediment supply is fairly maintained by the coastal geomorphic environment. However, sometimes this equilibrium gets disturbed due to either natural phenomena or human intervention. Natural phenomenon like intense wave activities during monsoon, cyclones and changes in river mouth during flood conditions contributes towards disrupting the equilibrium, while construction of coastal structures like breakwaters, dam construction in the rivers are the human interventions

India has a long shoreline of about 7500 km including its island territories. The destruction and loss of land due to erosion is a severe problem, particularly for a country like India facing an increased population growth. Erosion of the coastal region poses a major threat not only to the human population, but also to the vital coastal ecosystem. The dynamic interaction between nearshore features and the hydrodynamics of the region, termed as coastal processes, determines the stability of the adjacent shoreline. Moreover, various developments along the coast enhance the changes in the shoreline. Indian coast forms a peninsula and has a long coast on its east and west regions with varied coastal processes dominating the coastal dynamics. These include tide-

dominated regions along the northern parts of the west coast, open coast with high wave energy along the southern parts of the west coast, strong longshore sediment transport along the southern parts of the east coast and the coast strongly influenced with river discharges along the northern parts of the east coast. The coastal geomorphology and the land-use pattern along the Indian coast also show a varied range, which includes coral reefs, mangrove belts, tidal mudflats, rocky coasts, wide sandy beaches and deltaic and bay environments.

The Indian coast is relentlessly modified by the mounting development activities along the coastal region, which under improper management at times leads to severe coastal erosion. Management plans with proper understanding of the coastal processes and coastal dynamics are needed to achieve sustainable development along the coastal region, where planning measures have to be taken up at the national level. Inventory related to coastal erosion are a pre-requisite in understanding the coastal dynamics of the region. Planning measures for sustainable development along the coastal region require a systematic inventory of shoreline changes occurring along the entire Indian coast on 1:25,000 scale. Space Applications Centre, along with Coastal Protection and Development Advisory Committee (CPDAC) (apex body concerned with planning of coastal protection measures at the national level in India) have brought out shoreline change atlas (SAC, 2014 and Rajawat et al, 2015). The atlas depicts the shoreline changes for the time-frame 1989-1991 (using SPOT-1/2 HRV1-MLA) and 2004-2006 (using IRS-P6 LISSIV), that was mapped on 1 : 25,000 scale for the entire Indian coast.

Coastal Management Directorate, Central Water Commission, Ministry of Water Resources, New Delhi have requested to update the existing shoreline change maps (1989-91 & 2004-06 time-frame) using recent satellite data (2014-16 time-frame) for assessing coastal\erosion. CPDAC recommended the need for preparation of Shoreline Change Atlas of the Indian coast showing information related to coastal erosion derived from satellite data and protection measures undertaken by all maritime states of India. It is in this context, Space Applications Centre in collaboration with Central Water Commission, have mapped the shoreline for the time-frame 2014-16 on 1:25, 000 scale for the entire Indian coast based on LISS-IV images of 2014-16 in GIS environment. The information is catalogued as per Survey of India topographical map indexing which is 1:25000 Scale.

The major objective is to prepare digital shoreline change atlas on 1:25, 000 scale in GIS environment using the shoreline delineated for the time-frame 2004-06 and 2014-16. The atlas shall depict and quantify shoreline changes as eroding/accreting/stable, show status of shoreline protection measures taken by respective states and generate A3 size state wise Coastal Atlas of all the maritime states of India.

The detailed objectives are:

- i) To prepare shoreline database of 2014-16 time-frame for all the maritime states and UT.
- ii) To quantify and classify the shoreline as shoreline under erosion, stable and accretion for entire Indian coast by integrating shoreline using database of 2004-06 and 2014-16 period.
- iii) To integrate the information on coastal erosion and shoreline protection measures of all the maritime states and UT of India in GIS environment.
- iv) To generate Six Volumes of A-3 size coloured Coastal Atlas of India (Volume I covering Gujarat, Daman & Diu, Volume II covering Maharashtra & Goa, Volume III covering Karnataka & Kerala, Volume IV covering Tamil Nadu, Pondicherry & Andhra Pradesh, Volume V covering Odisha & West Bengal and Volume VI covering Lakshadweep & Andaman & Nicobar).

2. DATA USED

High tidal line is demarcated using IRS-P6 LISSIV data of 2004-06 period and Resourcesat-2 LISS-IV data of 2014-16 time-frame procured from NRSC. The LISS-IV is a multispectral (three-VNIR-band) push-broom camera having a spatial resolution of 5.8m with a swath of 23.9km for IRS-P6 and 70km for Rescourcesat-2. Both the satellites orbits in a sun-synchronous orbit at an altitude of 817km with a 5-day revisit cycle.

Detailed list of the satellite data used is given in the Annexure-III. In few cases where suitable data were not available, the data of nearest time-frame was used. Shoreline changes are computed with respect to the spatial changes in the Highest High Tide Line. The status of coastal protection measures taken up by maritime states and UTs was provided through Central Water Commission (CWC), New Delhi. These were prepared in spatial format and were put in the GIS database.

DATABASE Standards

Satellite images of Resourcesat LISS-IV, having a spatial resolution of 5 m is used for both 2004-06 and 2014-16 time frame. Geometric projection for the images are set to UTM (Standard LANDSAT projection for Indian region). Image to image rectifications are carried out with an overlap error less than 1 pixel.

The vector layers are projected in polyconic projection system, with a planimetric accuracy of 6.25 m and weed tolerance of 3.125 m. Onscreen digitization are carried out in 1:12,500 scale. "State" and "year" attributes are created for the high tide line digitised using the satellite images.

3. METHODOLOGY

We have undertaken following steps to prepare shoreline change atlas:

- i. LISS-IV images of 2014-16 (on board Resourcesat-2) and 2004-06 (on board IRS P6) time-frames have been used to delineate the shoreline for entire Indian coast. LANDSAT orthorectified products are used as base map. Image to image co-registration is carried out on LISS-IV images of both time-frames to bring the data set to same geo-reference with an error of +/- 1 pixel.
- ii. High tide line (HTL) is considered as the shoreline. On-screen digitization of the HTL has been carried out based on the geomorphic indicators (NCSCM, 2015). Image interpretation keys based on Nayak et al (1991) is used to identify the geomorphic indicators to delineate the HTL.
- iii. The HTL is prepared for all maritime states and Union territories of India on 1:25,000 scale. The 1°X1° grid consists of 8X8 rectangular grids or cells. Each rectangular grid or cell represents one Survey of India (SOI) topographic area on 1:25,000 scale.
- iv. Limited field checks were carried out and based on field observations, corrections were incorporated while finalizing the map. Field photographs were also taken during the field visits.
- v. Accuracy Assessment: Classification as well as planimetric accuracy of the maps was assessed while carrying out the fieldwork. Overall, the classification accuracy of these maps range from 90-95% at 90% confidence level. The Planimetric Accuracy of these maps is 6.25 m as per SOI standard.
- vi. Spatial layer for habitation (as point feature) and, rail and road (as line features) are taken from CZIS database.
- vii. Spatial analysis techniques are used to compute the spatial shift among the HTL of different time frame.
- viii. Polygons for areas under erosion and accretion were created.

- ix. Areas under erosion and accretion were measured for the main shoreline (excluding creeks, river mouths, estuaries). Shore length under erosion, accretion and stable categories were measured for the main shoreline (excluding creeks, river mouths, estuaries). Areas with no changes were consider as stable.
- x. A table containing the length of eroding, accreting and stable coast along with the area of erosion and accretion for each SOI grid has been generated for the maritime state and U.T.
- xi. Shoreline protection measures have been depicted as per the information provided by the maritime State/UT agencies through Central Water Commission.
- xii. A standard map composition and layout were finalised and have been used for final map composition of each map.
- xiii. Final maps depicting shoreline changes were utilized for preparing shoreline change Atlas of the Indian coast (Six Volumes). Volume I covers Gujarat, Daman & Diu, Volume II covers Maharashtra & Goa, Volume III covers Karnataka & Kerala, Volume IV covers Tamil Nadu, Puducherry & Andhra Pradesh, Volume V covers Odisha & West Bengal and Volume VI covers Lakshadweep & Andaman & Nicobar Islands.

4. RESULTS

The shoreline change maps of Karnataka and Kerala coasts at each SOI grid at 1:25000 scale are given in Section-II.

Karnataka

The Karnataka coast extends from 12° 43' N to 14° 51' N and 74° E to 75° E. The northern coast is rocky while the southern coast has long linear beaches. Coastal geomorphic features in Karnataka include beaches, rocky headlands, spits, estuaries, shallow lagoons, mudflats and mangroves at few places. Shallow lagoons are observed near Coondapur and the Kalinadi. Rocky coast is observed near Ankola to Karwar at numerous locations. The shoreline change estimation is carried out along the 319 km stretch of the Karnataka coast (which does not include the mouth of the river/estuary, creeks and their inner parts). The change analysis have avoided the coastal segments at major ports and harbours. Around 40 km of the state is under erosion and 48 km of the coast is under accretion, while 231 km of the coast is stable in nature (Figure 1). Total area that have eroded between 2004-06 to 2014-16 is about 72 ha and around 111 ha of area have accreted. Details of the erosion/accretion status at each SOI grid is given in Table 1. Karnataka coast is divided into 2 sectors, the north and the south, where the northern sector consists of coastal region of the Uttara Kannada District and the southern sector consists of the Udupi and Dakshina Kannada District.



Figure 1: Shoreline change status of Karnataka coast

The northern Karnataka coast largely comprises of rocky coast and around 144 km of the coast is in stable condition. Around 12 km of the coast is under erosion, while 26 km of the coast is accreting. Major changes in the shoreline at the northern sector are along the river/creek mouths. Plate (1) and (2) shows the changes at Kali River (48J01SW) and the stream to the north of Belekere (46J06NW). Considerable stretch of coast is under erosion along the Sharavati River mouth (48J07SE), while erosion in other places are in discrete patches.

The southern sector of the Karnataka coast is more dynamic compared to the north. Erosion is observed along 28 km, while accreting coast is along 22 km. About 87 km of the coast in the southern sector is stable in nature. Severe erosions are along the stretch of southern coast from Ullal (48L13SW) to Someshwar (48L13SW) and is shown in Plate (3). The region also show severe dynamics along the river mouth, where the shift in the river mouth is observed at Mulki River (48K16SW) (Plate 4). Eroding coast are to south of Shiruru (48K09NW), along a straight stretch of beach at Kudarkodu (48K09SE), at Padubidri (48K16NW), Hejemadikodi (48K16SW) and to the south of Mangalore Port (48L13NW).

Serial No.	Mapsheet No.	Erosion Area (in	Erosion Length	Accretion Area (in	Accretion Length	Stable Length	Total Length
1		0.00		1.06			2 10
	40JUTINV	0.00	0.00	T.00	0.91	2.20	17.07
2	40JU15VV	4.03	1.37		2.30	0.16	10.65
3	40JUISE	2.25	0.72	10.09	1.77	0.10	10.00
4	48J02NE	0.68	0.33	1.44	0.71	16.34	17.38
5	48J06NW	1.91	0.70	13.81	5.36	16.14	22.20
6	48J06SW	2.11	0.48	13.47	5.41	20.07	25.96
7	48J07NW	0.10	0.16	0.00	0.00	4.40	4.56
8	48J07NE	0.38	0.33	3.41	2.51	10.25	13.09
9	48J07SE	9.98	4.78	2.57	1.64	9.49	15.90
10	48J08NE	0.00	0.00	2.01	1.68	16.37	18.05
11	48J08SE	1.97	1.35	0.89	0.48	9.08	10.92
12	48J12SW	0.00	0.00	3.78	2.17	3.92	6.09
13	48K09NW	2.62	3.20	1.56	0.89	17.77	21.86
14	48K09SW	0.63	0.48	1.83	0.93	7.94	9.35
15	48K09SE	2.60	3.02	0.95	0.56	1.93	5.51
16	48K10NE	3.58	3.14	8.34	4.61	7.52	15.27
17	48K10SE	0.63	0.48	0.62	0.81	13.07	14.36
18	48K11NE	2.90	1.03	9.24	4.53	9.06	14.62
19	48K11SE	1.67	1.33	0.12	0.13	14.10	15.55
20	48K12NE	0.24	0.31	0.00	0.00	7.79	8.10
21	48K16NW	5.10	4.36	0.61	0.39	1.77	6.51
22	48K16SW	7.96	3.11	17.20	2.63	8.23	13.97
23	48L13NW	8.66	4.01	6.07	3.86	6.49	14.37
24	48L13SW	12.05	5.30	6.51	3.40	5.35	14.05
	Total	72.1	40.2	111.4	47.7	230.9	318.8

Table 1: Mapsheet-wise results of shoreline changes for 2004-06 and 2014-16 time-frame for Karnataka coast

Kerala

The Kerala coast extends from 8° 8' N to 12° 46' N and 74° 40' E to 76° 56' E along the southwestern coast of India. The Kerala coast is bestowed with rivers, lakes and is famous for its beautiful beaches and backwaters. Estimation of shoreline change is carried out along the 585 km of the Kerala coastal stretch (which does not include the mouth of the river/estuary, creeks and their inner parts). The change analysis have avoided the coastal segments at major ports and harbours. Around 137 km of the coast is estimated to be under erosion and 121 km is observed to have accreted while 327 km of the coast is observed to be in stable condition (Figure 2). The total area accreted along the Kerala coast is 303 ha whereas 285 ha area of Kerala coast is estimated to have eroded. Details of erosion/accretion status at each SOI grid is given in Table 2.



Figure 2. Shoreline change status of Kerala coast

Analysis of the shoreline change is carried out by dividing Kerala coast into three sectors based on the district boundaries. The northern sector comprises of the coastal area of Kasaragod, Kannur and Kozhikode districts; the coastal region of Malappuram, Thrissur and Ernakulam district is under the central sector and the coastal stretch of Alappuzha, Kollam and Thiruvananthapuram is defined under the southern sector.

Along the northern sector, the coastal length under erosion and accretion is estimated to be around 40 km and 42 km respectively and 142 km stretch of the coast is stable in nature. Major changes are observed at the river mouths. Chittari (48P03SW) and Valapattanam (49M05NW) rivers show erosion at the northern and southern spit, while Shiriya, Kumbla, Mogral (48L14SE) and Thejaswini (48P04NW) rivers show accretion at both the sides of the river mouth. The southern spit of Chandragiri (48L15NE) and

Muthalipuzha (49M10SW) (plate 5) is eroding, and the northern spit have accreted. Coastal erosion in the northern sector are mainly to the north of Mogral River (48L14SE), at Kottikulam (48P03NW), Kappad (48M11NE and 49M11SE), Pudiyangadi (49M15SW), at north of Beypore and at Kadallundi (49M16NW).

At the central sector, coastal length of about 51 km is estimated to be under erosion, accretion is along 45 km and 65 km of the coast is stable in nature. A long coastal stretch between Bharathapuzha (49N13SE) and Periyar (58B04NE) shows a sequence of eroding and accreting coast adjacent to each other. Along this coastal stretch, server erosion is observed at Ponnani (49N13SE), Putiyirutti (49N14NE), the mouth of Chettava Lake (58B02SW) and at Vadanapalli (58B03NW), which is sequenced in between accreting beach at Aglad (49N14NE), Edakkazhiyur (49N14SE) and Triprayar (58B04NE). Plate (6) shows the adjacent eroding accreting beaches at Edakkara (49N14NE). Other beaches under erosion are at Parappanagadi (49M16SW), Tanur (49N13NW), Azhikod (58B04NE), Edvanakad (58B04SE) and at Mannasseri (58C05NW).

The erosion at the southern sector is estimated to be along 46 km of coastal length, while 34 km of the coast is accreting and 120 km of the coast is stable in nature. A large stretch of the coast is eroding at Panmana (58C12SW) (Plate 7). The coastal stretch between Nirkunnam (58C07NW) and Purakkad (58C07SW) (Plate 8) and the northern spit of the Kayamkulam Kayal (58C08NE) (Plate 9) are also observed to be under severe erosion. Due to the construction of coastal breakwater near Kottamkulangara (58C06SW) the southern coast have accreted while eroding the northern coast (plate 10). Arattungal (58C06NW), Kottukada (58C06SW), Ambalappuzha (58C07NW), Valiyathura (58D15NE) are the other coastal stretches under erosion in the southern sector.

Table 2: Mapsheet-wise results of shoreline changes for 2004-06 and 2014-16 time-frame for Kerala coast

Sorial	Manahaat	Erosion	Erosion	Accretion	Accretion	Stable	Total
Serial	No	Area (in	Length	Area (in	Length	Length	Length

NO.	NO.	ha)	(in km)	ha)	(in km)	(in km)	(in km)
1	48L14NE	0.46	0.44	8.71	5.97	6.15	12.56
2	48L15NE	6.87	1.2	14.3	3.4	2.65	7.25
3	48P04NE	0	0	0	0	7.74	7.74
4	49M05NW	6.29	4.56	11.4	6.09	7.31	17.96
5	49M05SW	0.04	0.1	0	0	4.9	5
6	49M10NW	3.22	2.68	1.73	1.44	9	13.12
7	49M11NE	2.92	1.81	4.25	2.93	12.98	17.72
8	49M11SE	6.09	4.54	0	0	3	7.54
9	49M15SW	5.69	3.98	0	0	2.34	6.32
10	49M16NW	5.15	5.61	0.79	0.65	9.29	15.55

11	49N13NW	4.02	1.66	0	0.02	3.42	5.1
12	49N13SE	6.47	3.38	10.1	3.25	8.44	15.07
13	58B02SW	11.2	5.36	5.48	3.25	2.36	10.97
14	58B04NE	5.66	5.34	0	0	9.43	14.77
15	58C05NW	4.3	3.46	0	0	1.95	5.41
16	58C05SW	0.91	1.5	0.45	0.26	12.28	14.04
17	58C07SE	4.6	2.74	12.8	2.23	4.67	9.64
18	58C08NE	16.7	7.3	2.73	1.39	6.25	14.94
19	58D09NW	0	0	2.11	0.85	15.16	16.01
20	58D14NW	2.54	2.5	3.22	1.03	3.9	7.43
21	58D15NE	7.37	5.63	1.72	0.77	14.24	20.64
22	48L13SW	0	0	1.04	0.84	0	0.84
23	48L14NW	0	0	4.47	1.92	0	1.92
24	48L14SE	5.25	3.45	6.87	3.23	7.27	13.95
25	48P03NW	4.43	3.48	2.44	1.94	4.57	9.99
26	48P03SW	3.07	1.58	5.6	3.04	10.65	15.27
27	48P04NW	0.94	0.62	9.55	1.76	5.51	7.89
28	48P04SE	2.81	2.58	2.76	1.54	17.43	21.55
29	48P08SW	0	0	0	0	1.03	1.03
30	49M05SE	0.74	0.5	4.27	3.35	15.74	19.59
31	49M06NE	0.61	1.01	0.34	0.3	1.58	2.89
32	49M10SW	6.46	1.91	2.8	1.85	10.7	14.46
33	49M11NW	0	0	2.07	1.28	2.42	3.7
34	49M16SW	4.2	3.58	2.23	2.22	8.52	14.32
35	49N13NE	0	0	8.24	5.55	2.97	8.52
36	49N14NE	16.7	7.57	15.8	6.25	2.23	16.05
37	49N14SE	0	0	25.4	5.06	0	5.06
38	58B03NW	18.9	9.16	8.67	4.59	1.82	15.57
39	58B03SE	5.1	2.68	0	0	3.95	6.63
40	58B03SW	1.19	1.51	11.4	4.75	2.28	8.54
41	58B04SE	3.84	3.66	11.7	5.87	5.11	14.64
42	58C01NE	9.68	2.9	18.3	3.82	4.2	10.92
43	58C06NW	17.3	4.05	10.4	3.4	6.87	14.32
44	58C06SW	15.3	7.34	13.6	2.6	4.24	14.18
45	58C07NW	6.51	3.87	30.6	9.42	2.08	15.37
46	58C07SW	27.5	4.46	0	0	1.12	5.58
47	58C12SW	30.5	5.31	0	0	3.3	8.61
48	58C08SE	0.22	0.22	0.5	0.48	7.76	8.46
49	58D09SE	0	0	3.54	2.58	10.6	13.18
50	58D09SW	3.26	2.04	0.07	0.16	3.06	5.26
51	58D10NE	0	0	4.41	3.73	6.54	10.27
52	58D14SE	0	0	1.35	1.04	2.19	3.23
53	58D14SW	0	0	12.1	3.68	10.88	14.56
54	58D15SE	0	0	0	0	0.47	0.47
55	58H03SW	0.08	0.06	3.02	1.35	12.62	14.03
	Total	285	137.33	303	121.13	327.17	585.63

5. END USE

Coastal management plans require a proper understanding of the coastal processes and coastal dynamics to achieve a sustainable development along the coastal region. The inventory of shoreline change is the pre-requisite in understanding the dynamics of the coastal region. As the Indian coastal regions are modified by mounting development activities, an improper management at times shall lead to severe coastal erosion. Planning measures for sustainable development along the coastal region require a systematic inventory of shoreline changes occurring along the entire Indian coast on 1: 25,000 scale.

The Atlas can be used as a reference material for obtaining information on status of shoreline changes during 2004-06 and 2014-16 time-frames along entire Indian coastline. Areas under coastal erosion and status of coastal protection measures taken up by respective maritime State and Union Territory are depicted and can be used for planning coastal protection measures.

The Atlas is extremely useful to Coastal Management Directorate, Central Water Commission for providing guidance towards coastal protection works in maritime states of India.

All the State Public Works Departments, Ports and Harbour Authorities, Coastal Regulation Zone Authorities shall be able to have better management of the shorelines in respective states.

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> Project team Shoreline Change Atlas

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SHORELINE CHANGE MAPS <u>KARNATAKA</u>









ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL	V E S O 2 km SEA 48J01SW 48J01SE SEA 48J02NE
BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



ACCRETION	
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	S 48 J01 5W 48 J01 5E 48 J05 5SW 0 2 km
STABLE ROAD	SEA 48J02NE 48J06NW
 RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER JETTY PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION 	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



S SEA 48J02NE 48J06NW O 2 km SEA SEA 48J06SW
0 2 km sea sea 48j06SW
INDIA INDIA
PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER HABITATION	ABJ01SE 48J05SW 48J05SE 48J02NE 48J06NW 48J06NE 3EA 48J06SW 48J06SE SEA 48J06SW 48J06SE KARNATAKA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



S S SEA 48J06SW 48J06SE O 2 km SEA 48J07NW 48J07NE
INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA
PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI

UTTARA KANNADA DISTRICT
ARABIAN SEA
Legend







EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	W E S O 2 km
 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION 	SEA 48J08NE ^{48J12NW}
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION	W FE S O 2 km SEA 48J08NE 48J12NW SEA 48J08SE 48J12SW KARNATAKA J O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL HABITATION	SEA 48J08NE 48J12NW SEA 48J08SE 48J12SW SEA 48J08SE 48J12SW SEA SEA 47K09NW SEA SEA 47K09NW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 30



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL JETTY PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	W E 0 2 km 48J08NE 48J12NW 48J08SE 48J12SW 48J08SE 48J12SW 5EA 47K09NW 48J08SE 48J12SW 5EA 47K09NW 48J08SE 48J12SW 5EA 47K09NW 6 5 6 5 7 5 7 5 8
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 31

SHORELINE CHANGE MAP





EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE SEA WALL HABITATION	W + E SEA 47K09NW48K09NE 0 2 km SEA 48K09SW48K09SE SEA SEA SEA 48K10NE
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 33





ACCRETION	48K09SW48K09SE48K13SW
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	0 2 km
STABLE	SEA 48K10SE48K14SW
ROAD RAILWAY	
SEA WALL	
GROYNES	
BREAKWATER	Eqting at a
PORT/HARBOUR	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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 EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL JETTY HABITATION 	W + E SEA 48K10SE48K14SW 0 2 km SEA 48K11NE48K15NW SEA 48K11SE48K15SW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	V E S O 2 km SEA 48K11NE 48K15NW SEA 48K11SE 48K15SW SEA 48K12NE 48K16NW
ROAD SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 38



EROSION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	W E SEA 48K11SE 48K15SW SEA 48K12NE 48K16NW O 2 km SEA 48K12SE 48K16SW				
 ROAD SEA WALL HABITATION 	INDIA INDIA				
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI				

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 EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION 	W + E 48K113E 48K15SW 48K15SE 0 2 km 48K16NW 48K16NE SEA 48K16SW 48K16SE INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 40



ACCRETION	W	48K12NE 48K16NW 48K16NE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD	0 ° 2 km	SEA 48K16SW 48K16SE SEA 48L13NW 48L13NE
RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION	INDIA	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	o, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI
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SHORELINE CHANGE MAP



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL	SEA 48L13NW 48L13NE SEA 48L13SW 48L13SE SEA 48L13SW 48L13SE SEA 48L14NW 48L14NE
GROYNES BREAKWATER JETTY STATE BOUNDARY PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI

SHORELINE CHANGE MAPS <u>KERALA</u>

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ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 ROAD	W E SEA 48L13NW 48L13NE SEA 48L13SW 48L13SE O 2 km SEA 48L14NW 48L14NE
STATE BOUNDARY	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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KASARAGOD DISTRICT	KER		S	HEET NO.	48L14NW
					t
	ARABIAN SEA				
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	-	N		SEA 48L13SW 4	8L13SE

ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 ROAD +++ RAILWAY	SEA 40L13SW 40L13SE SEA 40L13SW 40L13SE SEA 40L14NW 40L14NE SEA 5EA 40L14SE SEA 40L14SE SEA 40L14SE SEA 40L13SW 40L13SE SEA 40L13SW 40L13SE SEA 40L13SW 40L13SE SEA 40L13SW 40L13SE SEA 40L14NW 40L14NE SEA 5EA 40L14NW 40L14NE SEA 5EA 40L14NW 40L14NE
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 48



HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	014-16 004-06			S 2 km ■ ■ ■	48L135V 48L14NV SEA	v 48L13SE v 48L14NE 48L14SE KE	48P01SW 48P02NW 48P02SW		_
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16 PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI	04-06 & 20	2014-16	PREPARED SPACE APP AND CENTE	BY: PLICATIONS CENTF	RE, ISRO, AHI IISSION, NEW	MEDA! / DELH	BAD HI	्र इसरो	



EROSION	W	48L14NW 48L14NE 48P02NW
ACCRETION	V S	SEA 48L14SE 48P02SW
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION 	0 2 km	SEA 48L15NE 48P03NW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	, AHMEDABAD איז
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ACCRETION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	0 2 km	SEA 48L14SE 48P02SW SEA 48L15NE 48P03NW SEA SEA 48P03SW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	D, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI



EROSION	48L145E 48P025W 48P025E
ACCRETION	V S 48L15NE 48P03NW 48P03NE
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 	0 2 km SEA 48P03SW 48P03SE
 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION 	INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION	w ← E S 2 km	48L15NE 48P03NW 48P03NE SEA 48P03SW 48P03SE SEA 48P04NW 48P04NE
	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION	D, AHMEDABAD , NEW DELHI



EROSION	W E SEA 48P03SW 48P03SE
ACCRETION	S SEA 48P04NW 48P04NE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	0 2 km sea sea 48p04se
STABLE ROAD	
 SEA WALL BREAKWATER JETTY HABITATION 	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	ABP03SW 48P03SE 48P07SW 48P04NW 48P04NE 48P08NW SEA 48P04SE 48P08SW KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



EROSION	W	48P04NW 48P04NE 48P08NW
ACCRETION	s S	SEA 48P04SE 48P08SW
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 	0 2 km	SEA SEA 49M05NW
 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION 	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,), AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI
	56	



 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY HABITATION 	48P04NE 48P08NW 48P08NE 0 2 km SEA 49M05NW 49M05NE SEA 49M05NW 49M05NE KERALA	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI	
	57	





HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	W E SEA 49M05NW 49M05NE S S SEA 49M05SW 49M05SE 0 2 km SEA 49M05SW 49M05SE
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	SEA SEA 49MOGNE
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



EROSION	W	49M05NW 49M05NE 49M09NW
ACCRETION	I V S	49M05SW 49M05SE 49M09SW
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	0 2 km	
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06		SEA 49M06NE 49M10NW
STABLE		
		5. //ED.41.4
		, KERALA
	Equility of	
BREAKWATER		
	SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE ISR	
IRS LISS4 INAGES OF 2004-00 & 2014-10	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION	, NEW DELHI
	60	,



EROSION	W	49M05SW 49M05SE 49M09SW
ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER HABITATION	0 2 km	SEA 49M06NE 49M10NW SEA SEA 49M10SW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, 61	D, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI


ACCRETION	W
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	0 2 km
STABLE ROAD	SEA 49M10SE
RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER JETTY PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16		49M06NE 49M10NW 49M10NE SEA 49M10SW 49M10SE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE		SEA 49M11NW 49M11NE
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER HABITATION	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,), AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI
	63	



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	₩ S 0 2 km	SEA 49M10SW 49M10SE SEA 49M11NW 49M11NE SEA SEA 49M11SE
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER HABITATION	INDIA INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, 64	o, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI





EROSION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	W E S 0 2 km SEA 49M11NW 49M11NE 49M11NE
SEA WALL BREAKWATER HABITATION	INDIA KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
	66



EROSION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	W E 49M11NE 49M15NE S 49M11SE 49M15SW 49M15SE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD ARILWAY SEA WALL	0 2 km SEA 49M16NW 49M16NE INDIA KERALA
BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



ACCRETION	49M11SE 49M15SW 49M15SE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	S A 49M16NW 49M16NE 0 2 km SEA 49M16SW 49M16SE SEA 49M16SE SEA 49M16SE SEA 49M16SW 49M16SE SEA 49M16SW 49M16SE SEA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 68



EROSION	W	SEA 49M16NW 49M16NE
ACCRETION	V S	SEA 49M16SW 49M16SE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	0 2 km	
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06		SEA 49N13NW 49N13NE
STABLE		
		KERALA
GROYNES	Extended to the second second	
JETTY		
HABITATION		
	PREPARED BY:	~~ ~~
IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC	D, AHMEDABAD
	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION	, NEW DELHI
	69	



Legend	W E SEA 49M16SW 49M16SE
EROSION ROAD	S 2 km sea 49N13NW 49N13NE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	SEA SEA 49N13SE
SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
	70



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION	W + E 49M16SW 49M16SE 58A04SW 0 2 km 49M16SE 58B01NW SEA 49M13SE 58B01SW INDIA KERALA 6000000000000000000000000000000000000
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION BREAKWATER	EROSION	W	49N13NW 49N13NE 58B01NW
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	ACCRETION	V S	SEA 49N13SE 58B01SW
	HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	0 2 km	SEA 49N14NE 58B02NW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16 AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI	DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	o, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI



 EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL HABITATION 	SEA 49N13SE 58B01SW 0 2 km SEA 49N14NE 59B02NW SEA 49N14SE 59B02SW SEA 49N14SE 59B02SW SEA 49N14SE 59B02SW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 ROAD	w ← E S 0 2 km	SEA 49N14NE 58B02NW SEA 49N14SE 58B02SW SEA SEA 58B03NW
HABITATION	INDIA INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,), AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI
	/4	



EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD	W E S 49N14NE 49N14SE 58B02NW 49N14SE 58B02SW 58B02SW 58B02SE 49N14SE 58B02SW 58B03NW 58B03NE
KAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
	75



ACCRETION S	SEA 58B03NW 58B03NE
— HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 0 2 km — HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	SEA 58B03SW 58B03SE
 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL HABITATION 	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16 RS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	RE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD



EROSION	W	SEA 58B03NW 58B03NE
ACCRETION	s 0 2 km	SEA 58B03SW 58B03SE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16		SEA SEA 58B04NE
 STABLE SEA WALL HABITATION 	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,), AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI
	11	



EROSION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	W E S 2 km	58B03NW 58B03NE 58B07NW 58B03SW 58B03SE 58B07SW
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL HABITATION 		SEA 58B04NE 58B08NW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, 78), AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI



EROSION	58B03SW 58B03SE 58B07SW
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL	S S SEA 56804NE 56808NW SEA 56804SE 56808SW
BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
	79



EROSION	W E SEA 58B04NE 58B08NW
ACCRETION	S SEA 588045E 588085W
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	SEA 58C01NE 58C05NW
 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL GROYNES HABITATION 	INDIA KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
	80



EROSION	W E SEA 58B04SE 58B08SW
ACCRETION	S SEA 58C01NE 58C05NW
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	0 2 km
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	SEA SEA 58C05SW
STABLE	
	KERALA KERALA
GROYNES	
BREAKWATER	Example in the second sec
JETTY	
HABITATION	
	PREPARED BY:
IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD
	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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ACCRETION	W	58C01NE 58C05NW 58C05NE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	0 2 km	SEA 58C05SW 58C05SE SEA 58C06NW 58C06NE
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI



EROSION	W	SEA 58C05SW 58C05SE
ACCRETION	s v	SEA 58COGNW 58COGNE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	0 2 km	
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06		SEA 58C06SW 58C06SE
STABLE		
		🗽 KERALA
GROYNES	E Les and the second se	
BREAKWATER	To Dan	
JETTY		
	PREPARED BY:	
IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO	
	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	NEW DELHI
	84	



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE	₩ s 0 2 km	SEA 58C06NW 58C06NE SEA 58C06SW 58C06SE SEA 58C07NW 58C07NE
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER HABITATION	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI
	CO	



EROSION	W	SEA 58C06SW 58C06SE
ACCRETION	V S	SEA 58C07NW 58C07NE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	0 2 km	
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06		SEA 58C07SW 58C07SE
STABLE		
ROAD		KERALA
SEA WALL	Star Star	
GROYNES		
HABITATION		
	PREPARED BY:	
IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC	D, AHMEDABAD
	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,	NEW DELHI
	86	



EROSION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL GROYNES HABITATION	SEA 58C07NW 58C07NE SEA 58C07NW 58C07NE SEA 58C07SW 58C07SE SEA 58C08NE SEA 58C08NE SEA 58C08NE
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 87



0 2 km
SEA 58C08NE 58C12NW
INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA INDIA
PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



	W F
ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD ROAD BREAKWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER JETTY DODT/UADDOUD	SEA 58COBNE 58C12NW SEA 58COBSE 58C12SW SEA 58COBSE 58C12SW KERALA
DATA SOURCE:	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD
	AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 89

ALAPPUZHA/KOLLAM				FOR OFFI	CIAL USE ONLY
DISTRICT	KER	ALA	SHE	ET NO.	58C08SE
				AZHIKKKAL	KLAPPANA
A	RABIAN SEA				
Legend		Ν	Γ	INDEX TO SHE	ETS
EPOSION				SEA 58C08NE	58C12NW

EROSION ACCRETION	W E S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S S
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD SEA WALL GROYNES HABITATION 	0 2 km SEA SEA SBD09NW SEA SEA SBD09NW KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 90



EROSION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	W E 58008NE 58012NW 58012NW <th>2NE </th>	2NE
 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL HABITATION 	SEA 55D09NW 55D09	9NE
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 91	्रू इसरो



HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	S SEA 58D09NW 58D09NE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	0 2 km SEA 58D09SW 58D09SE SEA 58D09SW 58D09SE
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI



EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	Note Sea 58D09NW 58D09NE Note Sea 58D09SE Note Sea 58D09SE Sea Sea 58D09SE Sea Sea 58D09SE Sea Sea 58D09SE
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ARAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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	W 58D09NW 58D09NE 58D13NW V 58D09NW 58D09NE 58D13NW
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	0 2 km SEA 58D10NE 58D14NW
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI 94



ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 ROAD ROAD	0 2 km	58D09SW 58D09SE 58D13SW SEA 58D10NE 58D14NW SEA SEA 58D14SW
 STABLE SEA WALL GROYNES HABITATION 		
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, 95	, AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI

SHORELINE CHANGE MAP



EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR	0 2 km	58D09SE 58D13SW 58D13SE 58D10NE 58D14NW 58D14NE SEA 58D14SW 58D14SE
 HABITATION DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16 	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISR AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION 96	O, AHMEDABAD I, NEW DELHI



ACCRETION	W	58D10NE 58D14NW 58D14NE
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 	0 2 km	SEA SEA 58D15NE
 STABLE ROAD RAILWAY HABITATION 	INDIA	KERALA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION	D, AHMEDABAD , NEW DELHI
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SHORELINE CHANGE MAP

THIRUVANANTHAPURAM		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY
DISTRICT KER	ALA SH	EET NO. 58D14SE
THUMBA		
ARABIAN SEA Legend		INDEX TO SHEETS
	N N	

ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD HABITATION	0 2 km	58D14NW 58D14NE 58H02NW 58D14SW 58D14SE 58H02SW SEA 58D15NE 58H03NW
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION 98	D, AHMEDABAD , NEW DELHI

SHORELINE CHANGE MAP



EROSION	W E 58D14SW 58D14SE 58H02SW
ACCRETION	
HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06	0 2 km
STABLE	SEA 58D15SE 58H03SW
ROAD RAILWAY SEA WALL GROYNES JETTY PORT/HARBOUR HABITATION	INDIA INDIA
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION, NEW DELHI
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SHORELINE CHANGE MAP

		FOR OFFICIAL USE ONLY		
THIRUVANANTHAPURAM DISTRICT	KERALA	SHEET NO. 58D15SE		
ARABIAN SEA				
Legend HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE BREAKWATER PORT/HARBOUR	₩ S 0 2 km	INDEX TO SHEETS SEA 58D15NE 58H03NW SEA 58D15SE 58H03SW SEA SEA 58H04NW		
DATA SOURCE:	PREPARED BY:	KERALA		
IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTR AND CENTRAL WATER COMM 100	RE, ISRO, AHMEDABAD SSION, NEW DELHI		

SHORELINE CHANGE MAP



EROSION ACCRETION HIGH-TIDE LINE 2014-16	0 2 km	58D15NE 58H03NW 58H03NH 58D15SE 58H03SW 58H03SH SEA 58H04NW 58H04NH	
 HIGH-TIDE LINE 2004-06 STABLE ROAD STATE BOUNDARY HABITATION 	INDIA	KERALA	
DATA SOURCE: IRS LISS4 IMAGES OF 2004-06 & 2014-16	PREPARED BY: SPACE APPLICATIONS CENTRE, ISRC AND CENTRAL WATER COMMISSION,), AHMEDABAD NEW DELHI	र्ग सरो ¹ डाव्व
	101		

HOT SPOTS OF SHORELINE CHANGE

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Plate 1: Shoreline changes along the River mouth Kali River (48J01SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 2: Shoreline changes along the mouth at stream north to Belekere (46J06NW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 3: Erosion at Someshwar along the southern coast of Karnataka (48L13SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 4: Shoreline changes at the mouth of Mulki River (48K16SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 5: Shoreline changes at the mouth of Muthalipuzha (49M10SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 6: The adjacent coast of erosion and accretion at Edakkara (49N14NE) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 7: Erosion along coast at Panmana (58C12SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 8: Erosion at Purakadu Beach (58C07SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 9: Erosion at the coast to the north of Kayamkulam Kayal (58C08NE) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2



Plate 10: Shoreline changes due to construction at Kottamkulangara (58C06SW) marked on LISS IV images of IRS P6 and Resourcesat-2

LIST OF SATELLITE DATA USED

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S	Map Sheet					
No.	No.	Satellite	Sensor	Orbit	Scene	Date
				8185,		
1	48J01NW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	11581	59, 124	15-05-2006, 09-01-2006
2	48J01SE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	8185	59, 60	15-05-2005
3	48J01SW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	8185	59,60	15-05-2005
4	48J02NE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	8185	60	15-05-2005
				7290,		
5	48J06NW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	8085	111, 60	13-03-2005, 15-05-2005
6	48J07NW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	7290	111, 112	13-03-2005
7	48J08NE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	11311	117	21-12-2005
8	48J08SE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	11311	117	21-12-2005
9	48J12SW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	7489	111	27-03-2005
10	48K09SE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	7489	112	27-03-2005
11	48K09NW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	10288	118	10-10-2005
12	48K09SW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	10288	118	10-10-2005
13	48K10NE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	7489	114	27-03-2005
14	48K10SE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	7489	114	27-03-2005
15	48K11NE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	7489	113	27-03-2005
16	48K11SE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	5727	118	29-11-2004
17	48K12NE	IRS-P6	LISS IV	5727	119	23-11-2004
18	48K16NW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	5727	119	23-09-2004, 20-10-2005
19	48K16SW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	5727	119	23-09-2004, 20-10-2005
20	48L13NW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	11524	120, 121	05-01-2006
21	48L13SW	IRS-P6	LISS IV	11524	120, 121	05-01-2006

Table No. 3: Satellite data used for Karnataka Coast (2004-06 time-frame).

Table No. 4: Satellite data used for Karnataka Coast (2014-16 time-frame).

S.No.	Map-Sheet	Satellite	Sensor	Path	Row	Subscene	Date
1	48K11NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	b	06-Feb-15
2	48K11SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	b	06-Feb-15
3	48K12NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	b	06-Feb-15
4	48K16NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	b	06-Feb-15
5	48K16SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	b	06-Feb-15
6	48K16NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
7	48K16SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
8	48L13NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
9	48L13SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
10	48J1NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
11	48J1NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
12	48J2NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
13	48J6NWE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
14	48J6SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
15	48J6SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
16	48J7NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
17	48J7NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	96	63	b	08-Jan-15
18	48J7NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	63	С	13-Jan-15
19	48J7SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	63	С	13-Jan-15
20	48J8NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	63	С	13-Jan-15

21	48J8SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	63	С	13-Jan-15
22	48J12SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	63	С	13-Jan-15
23	48K9NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	63	С	13-Jan-15
24	48K9SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	а	13-Jan-15
25	48K9SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	а	13-Jan-15
26	48K10NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	а	13-Jan-15
27	48K10SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	а	13-Jan-15
28	48K11NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	а	13-Jan-15
29	48K11SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	а	13-Jan-15

Table No. 5: Satellite data used for Kerala Coast (2004-06 time-frame).

S.	Map Sheet					
No.	No.	Satellite	Sensor	Orbit	Scene	Date
1	48L13SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11524	120	05-01-2006
2	48L13SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11524	120	05-01-2006
3	48L14NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11922	141, 142	02-02-2006
4	48L14SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11922	141, 142	02-02-2006
5	48P03NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11922	141, 142	02-02-2006
6	48P03SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11922	141, 142	02-02-2006
7	48P04NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11993	53,54	07-02-2006
8	48P04NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11652	125, 126	14-01-2006
9	48P04SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11652	125, 126	14-01-2006
10	49P8SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11652	125, 126	14-01-2006
11	49M05NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11652	125, 126	14-01-2006
12	49M05NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11652	125, 126	14-01-2006
13	49M05SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11652	125, 126	14-01-2006
14	49M05SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	1976	141, 142	04-03-2004
15	49M05SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1976	141, 142	04-03-2004
16	49M10NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1976	141, 142	04-03-2004
17	49M06NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	1976	141, 142	04-03-2004
18	49M09SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1976	141, 142	04-03-2004
19	49M10SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	2658	136	21-04-2004
20	49M11NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	2658	136	21-04-2004
21	49M11NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	2658	136	21-04-2004
22	49M10SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	5926	123	07-12-2004
23	49M11NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	5926	123	07-12-2004
24	49M11SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	5926	123	07-12-2004
25	49M15NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
26	49M15SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
27	49M16NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
28	49M16SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
29	49N13NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
30	49N13SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
31	49N13NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12078	151, 152, 153	13-02-2006
32	49N13NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11396	130	27-12-2005
33	49N13NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11396	130	27-12-2005
34	49N13SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11396	130	27-12-2005
35	49N13NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	1365	149, 150, 151	21-01-2004
36	49N13SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	1365	149, 150, 151	21-01-2004
37	49N14NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	1365	149, 150, 151	21-01-2004

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38	58B02SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1365	149, 150, 151	21-01-2004
39	58B02SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1706	149, 150	14-02-2004
40	58B03NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1706	149, 150	14-02-2004
41	58B03NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	1706	149, 150	14-02-2004
42	58B03SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	1706	149, 150	14-02-2004
43	58B02SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
44	58B03NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
45	58B03NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
46	58B03SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
47	58B03SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
48	58B04NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
49	58B04SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	2047	148	09-03-2004
50	58C01NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
51	58C05NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
52	58C05SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
53	58B04NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
54	58B04SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
55	58B03NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
56	58B03SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
57	58B08NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
58	58B08SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11112	1311,32,133	07-12-2005
59	58C05SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
60	58C05SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
61	58C05NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
62	58C06NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
63	58C06NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
64	58C06SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
65	58B08SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12490	114, 115	14-03-2006
66	58C07SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12064	26,27,28,29	12-02-2006
67	58C08NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12064	26,27,28,29	12-02-2006
68	58C06SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12064	26,27,28,29	12-02-2006
69	58C07NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12064	26,27,28,29	12-02-2006
70	58C07SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12064	26,27,28,29	12-02-2006
71	58C08NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	6338	133	05-01-2005
72	58C08SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	6338	133	05-01-2005
73	58C12SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	6338	133	05-01-2005
74	58C12SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	6338	133	05-01-2005
75	58D09NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	6338	133	05-01-2005
76	58D09NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	6338	133	05-01-2005
77	58D09NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
78	58D09SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
79	58D09SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
80	58D09NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
81	58C12SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
82	58C05SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
83	58C05NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
84	58C05SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
85	58C06NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
86	58C06NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
87	58C06SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
88	58C06SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	12007	160, 161	08-02-2006
89	58D09NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11737	133, 134	20-01-2006

90	58D09SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11737	133, 134	20-01-2006
91	58D10NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11737	133, 134	20-01-2006
92	58D14NW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11737	133, 134	20-01-2006
93	58D14SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11737	133, 134	20-01-2006
94	58D15NE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11936	127, 128	03-02-2006
95	58H03SW	IRS P6	LISS IV	11936	127, 128	03-02-2006
96	58D14SE	IRS P6	LISS IV	11936	127, 128	03-02-2006

Table No. 6: Satellite data used for Kerala Coast (2014-16 time-frame).

	Мар-						
S.No.	Sheet No.	Satellite	Sensor	Path	Row	Subscene	Date
1	48L13SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
2	48L14NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
3	48L14NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
4	48L14SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
5	48L15NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
6	48P03NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	97	64	d	06-Feb-15
7	48P03SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	а	18-Jan-15
8	48P04NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	а	18-Jan-15
9	48P04NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	а	18-Jan-15
10	48P04SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	а	18-Jan-15
11	48P08SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	а	18-Jan-15
12	48M05NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	а	18-Jan-15
13	49M05SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	С	18-Jan-15
14	49M05SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	С	18-Jan-15
15	49M06NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
16	49M10NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
17	49M10SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
18	49M11NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
19	49M11NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
20	49M11SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
21	49M15SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
22	49M16NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	98	65	d	23-Jan-14
23	49M16SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	а	23-Jan-15
24	49N13NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	а	23-Jan-15
25	49N13NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	а	23-Jan-15
26	49N13SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	а	23-Jan-15
27	49N14NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	а	23-Jan-15
28	49N14SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	С	23-Jan-15
29	58B02SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	С	23-Jan-15
30	58B03NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	С	23-Jan-15
31	58B03SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	С	23-Jan-15
32	58B03SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	d	16-Feb-15
33	58B03SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	d	16-Feb-15
34	58B04NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	66	d	16-Feb-15
35	58B04SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15
36	58C01NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15
37	58C05NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15
38	58C05SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15
39	58C06NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15
40	58C06SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15

41	58C07NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	b	05-Apr-15
42	58C07SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	d	16-Feb-15
43	58C07SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	d	16-Feb-15
44	58C08NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	d	16-Feb-15
45	58C08SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	99	67	d	16-Feb-15
46	58C12SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	67	С	26-Feb-15
47	58D09NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	67	С	26-Feb-15
48	58D09SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	а	28-Jan-15
49	58D09SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	а	28-Jan-15
50	58ED10NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	а	28-Jan-15
51	58D14NW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	а	28-Jan-15
52	58D14SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	b	04-Jan-15
53	58D14SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	b	04-Jan-15
54	58D15NE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	b	04-Jan-15
55	58D15SE	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	b	21-Feb-15
56	58H03SW	Resourcesat-2	LISS-IV	100	68	b	21-Feb-15